

**BELLEVUE MUNICIPAL COURT**  
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Bellevue, OH 44811  
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**David J. Claus**  
Judge

**Lenetta Bollinger**  
Clerk

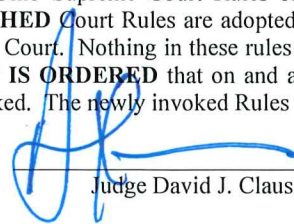
**LOCAL RULES OF COURT**  
**FOR THE**  
**BELLEVUE MUNICIPAL COURT**  
**Effective: February 1, 2025**

**FILED**

**FEB 01 2025**

**BELLEVUE MUNICIPAL COURT**

These Local Rules of Court are being promulgated pursuant to Rule 5 of the Ohio Supreme Court Rules of Superintendence for Municipal and County Courts. It is **HEREBY ORDERED THAT THE ATTACHED** Court Rules are adopted and applicable to the Bellevue Municipal Court and they shall govern the practices and procedures of the Court. Nothing in these rules shall be interpreted to conflict with the Ohio Supreme Court Rules of Civil and Criminal Procedure. **IT IS ORDERED** that on and after February 1, 2025 these rules are effective and all other rules previously established are expressly revoked. The newly invoked Rules of Court are attached.

  
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Judge David J. Claus

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Rule 1	Hours of Court Sessions, General Procedures
Rule 2	Examination of Files
Rule 3	Withdrawal of Files
Rule 4	Pleadings and Motions
Rule 5	Appearance and Withdrawal of Counsel
Rule 6	Security for Costs
Rule 7	Leave to Move or Plead
Rule 8	Hearings and Submissions of Motions, Objections to Interrogatories
Rule 9	Failure to File Answer Brief
Rule 9A	Appeals
Rule 10	Trial Briefs
Rule 11	Assignment of Civil Cases
Rule 12B	Case Management
Rule 12C/D	Case Management (Continued)
Rule 13	Continuance for Trial or Hearing
Rule 14	Filing by Facsimile Machine
Rule 15	Journal Entries to be Furnished
Rule 16	Defaults and Dismissals by the Court
Rule 17	Settlements; Notification to Court
Rule 18	Record of Proceedings
Rule 19	Satisfactions- Payment of Costs
Rule 20	Unpaid Costs; new cases not to be Filed
Rule 21	Statutory Demands
Rule 22	Proceedings in Aid of Execution
Rule 22A	Final Answer Ruling
Rule 22 B	Post Judgment Garnishment Ruling
Rule 23	Fees for Additional Services
Rule 24	Employees of the Court
Rule 25	Pretrial Diversion Program
Rule 26	Media
Rule 27	Jury Standards
Rule 28	Court Security
Rule 29	Electronically Produced Tickets
Rule 30	Electronic submission of Supreme Court Reports: AJ & IJ
Rule 31	Sandusky Co. Uniform Bond Schedule
Rule 32	Requirement to Electronically Submit/Remove Registration Blocks to BMV
Rule 32.01	Use of Supreme Court Transfer File (FTP) for Electronic BMV reporting
Rule 33	Notification of Victims Pursuant to Marsy's Law (HB 34)
Rule 33A/B	Correction/Implementation of corrections to Marsy's Law (Senate Bill 16)
Rule 34	Policy For Unclaimed Funds
Rule 35	Court Technology Plan
Rule 36	Deposit of Public Moneys Policy
Rule 37	Fixing of Court Costs/Traffic and Criminal
Rule 38	Restricting Public Access to Law Enforcement Reports Filed With Courts
Rule 38.01	Policy For Restricting Public Access to Law Enforcement Reports Filed With Courts

## **LOCAL RULES OF COURT**

### **Rule 1- Hours of Court Sessions, General Procedures:**

- (A) The Clerk of Court's Office shall be open between the hours of 8:30 AM and 4:30 PM., Monday through Friday. Sessions in the Civil and Criminal branches of the Court shall be conducted Monday through Friday. These times may be extended or diminished by special order of the Court. Notwithstanding the hours for Clerk of Court, Court Sessions may also be conducted during evening hours by order of the Court.
- (B) Monday mornings are usually reserved for Criminal/Traffic Pre-Trial hearings and Preliminary hearings for felony offenses. Tuesday mornings are reserved for Criminal/Traffic Arraignments, Criminal/Traffic Pre-Trial hearings, Trial before Judge, and Civil/Small Claims hearings, trials etc. Thursday mornings are reserved for jury trials.
- (C) ~~Anyone having a difficult time with the morning court sessions may request afternoon arraignments and with the approval of the Judge will be heard between the hours of 3:00 PM and 4:00 PM.~~

### **Rule 2- Examination of Files:**

No person except authorized court personnel, parties, or their attorneys shall be permitted to examine the complaint filed in any case until after service of the summons. Thereafter, such files are available to any person upon reasonable request during regular business hours. The Clerk would like to keep the examination of files to the afternoon times when the court does not have hearings scheduled. Subject to the limitation of Criminal Rule 16 full disclosure of all public record information shall be made available upon reasonable request in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 149.

### **Rule 3- Withdrawal of Files: NOT PERMITTED.**

### **Rule 4- Pleadings, Motions and Exhibits:**

- (A) All pleadings and motions shall be legibly typewritten or printed on paper sized 8 ½ x 11 inches. The caption of the complaint shall state the name and address, if known, of each party. Subsequent pleadings and motions shall state the case number, the name of the first party plaintiff and the first party defendant. For all subsequent pleadings in which new parties are joined, the name and address, if known, of each new party shall be stated in the caption of such pleading. Every pleading, motion, brief or other paper filed in a case shall be identified by title, and shall bear the name of the individual attorney, the firm, if any, office address and telephone number of the attorney filing the same, or if there be no attorney, then the party filing the same.
- (B) Failure to comply with the formal requirements as set out above may be grounds for striking the non-complying document from the Court's files. For good cause shown, the Clerk of Court is authorized to waive this requirement for cases involving small claims, forcible entry and detainer, or other types of cases or proceedings in the interest of justice.
- (C) Notwithstanding the exceptions to formalities of documents filed with the Clerk of Court, all documents must be served on the prosecutor or opposing party in accordance with applicable Ohio Civil and Criminal Rule. Failure to show proof of service on the document filed may be grounds for striking the document from the Court's record.
- (D) Any exhibit in which a party intends to submit at a hearing shall be provided in duplicate and in a format readily available for review to the opposing side. Should the appropriate copies of exhibits not be made available the Court may treat the hearing as a Pretrial Conference and reschedule the hearing at a different date to allow for the parties to have made and present appropriate copies.

### **Rule 5- Appearance and Withdrawal of Counsel:**

- (A) Upon the entry appearance of counsel, all documents filed with Court and all Court orders and motions shall be served upon the designated counsel or party's representative. Once an appearance is made, an attorney may only withdraw from a case by leave of Court.
- (B) No person who is not admitted to the practice of law before the Ohio Supreme Court may appear on behalf of another individual or entity in court, except as provided by Section 1925.17 of the Ohio Revised Code or Rule II of the Supreme Court Rules for the Government of the Bar of Ohio. An executed power of attorney does not confer upon a person who is not an attorney the right or ability to represent some other person in Court. Nothing in this Rule shall prohibit an employee or agent of a party from appearance in a civil action to provide testimony on behalf of his or her employer, regarding information within that employee's or agent's personal knowledge, regardless of the presence or absence of the party.

### **Rule 6- Security of Costs:**

No action or proceeding shall be accepted for filing by the Clerk of this Court unless there first be deposited the filing fee required by this court in its schedule of costs, except that upon representation of indigency, the Clerk of this court shall investigate the

accuracy of such representation and upon finding that such indigency does exist, the security for cost shall be waived. Deposits and advance payments of fees and costs shall be returned only by order of court and only when the same have been paid by the party against whom they are assessed by the court.

**Rule 7- Leave to Move or Plead:**

Except in actions for forcible entry and detainer or in replevin, when a party in any case is not prepared to move or plead on the answer day and upon good cause shown, one extension of time may be had upon application to the Court and without notice for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days. Consent of counsel may be filed as a Journal Entry in the case and shall be evidence of "good cause shown." Any leave thereafter may be had only with the approval of the Court, with notice to opposing party or counsel, and for good cause shown. Consent of opposing party or counsel shall not, in and of itself, constitute good cause. Applications for extensions of time, regardless of consent of opposing counsel, must be filed at least one (1) day prior to the due date.

**Rule 8- Hearings and Submissions of Motions; Objections to Interrogatories:**

- (A) Motions, in general, shall be submitted and determined upon the motion papers hereinafter designated. Oral arguments of motions will be permitted only on written application and proper showing to the Court.
- (B) The moving party shall serve and file with his or her motion a brief written statement of reasons in support of the motion and a list of citations of the authorities on which he or she relies. If the motion requires the consideration of facts not appearing in the record, he or she shall also serve and file copies of all affidavits, depositions, photographs or other documentary evidence which he or she desires to submit in opposition to the motion.
- (C) Each party opposing the motion shall serve and file within fourteen (14) days thereafter a brief written statement of reasons in opposition to the motion and a list of citations of the authorities on which he or she relies. If the motion requires the consideration of facts not appearing of record, he or she shall also serve and file copies of all affidavits, depositions, photographs, or other documentary evidence which he or she desires to submit in opposition to the motion.
- (D) Reply or additional briefs upon motions and submissions may be filed with leave of the Court only upon a showing of necessity therefore.
- (E) Counsel is encouraged to participate in pretrial discovery conferences to reduce, in every way possible, the filing of unnecessary discovery procedures. To curtail undue delay in the administration of justice, no discovery procedure filed under Rule 26 through 37 of the Rules of Civil Procedure to which objection or opposition is made by the responding party shall be taken under consideration by the Court, unless the party seeking discovery shall first advise the Court in writing that after sincere attempts to resolve differences, they are unable to reach an accord. This statement shall recite those matters which remain in dispute, and in addition, the date, time and place of such conference, and the names of all parties participating therein. It shall be the responsibility of counsel for the party seeking discovery to initiate such personal consultation.
- (F) Sanctions. The presentation to the Court of unnecessary motions, and the unwarranted opposition of motions, which, in either case, unduly the course of action through the courts, subject an offender to appropriate discipline including the imposition of costs.
- (G) All motions and briefs containing references to statutes or regulations other than the Ohio Revised Code or the Ohio Rules of Court shall have attached to the motion or brief a copy of the statute or regulation. Copies of unreported court decisions cited or referred to in a motion or brief shall also be attached to the motion or brief.
- (H) Summary Judgment. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, Motions for Summary Judgment shall be heard on briefs and other materials authorized by Civil Rule 56 (C) without oral arguments thirty (30) day after service of the Motion upon the opposing party. The adverse party prior to the day of the hearing may serve and file opposing party affidavits. In the event the adverse party also files a Motion for Summary Judgment, the hearing date shall be extended to thirty (30) days from the service upon the opposing party of the latter Motion.

**Rule 9- Failure to File Answer Brief:**

Unless otherwise provided in Ohio Civil Rules of Procedure, failure to file an answer, memorandum, or brief in accordance with these rules may be construed by the Court as an admission that the motion or exception should be granted.

**Rule 9A- Appeals:**

Any party wishing to file an appeal on any criminal, civil, or small claims case will be required to file the required documentation in accordance with Ohio Law, along with necessary instructions to the clerk.

**Rule 10- Trial Briefs:**

- (A) When a trial brief is required by order of Court, each party shall deliver a copy to the Court and all other parties at least one (1) weekday prior to commencement of trial unless otherwise ordered by Court. The briefs shall relate

to the issues referred to in the order and contain authorities supporting the propositions which party intends asserting during trial. Delivery may be made by ordinary mail with a proof of service appended to each brief.

- (B) In all civil jury cases, attorneys for all parties to the action shall, at least five (5) days before date of trial, furnish to the Court a brief of the issues and the law they expect the Judge to present to and charge the jury. All trial briefs and proposed jury instructions are required to be exchanged with opposing parties at the time of filing.

**Rule 11- Assignment of Civil Cases:**

- (A) Actions for replevin shall be set for hearing in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 2737 of the Ohio Revised Code. No continuance will be granted unless by order of Court and written stipulation of all parties.
- (B) All other actions shall be assigned for trial after they are at issue, in their numerical order of filing as fast as possible, in accordance with Local Rule 12, except those actions involving the liberty of the person, wages, possession of property, and cases carried over from previous days or specially set by the Court shall be preferred.
- (C) Notice of any proceeding requiring personal appearance of parties or counsel except as noted herein, shall be mailed, communicated by facsimile transmittal, or as otherwise provided to the parties or counsel not less than ten (10) days prior to the date of the appearance.
- (D) Motions for advancement of proceedings shall be submitted to the Court in writing and copies of the same shall be served upon opposing parties or counsel. The Court, in its discretion, may advance a pending case for trial or pretrial, upon motion of a party or on the Court's own motion.

**Rule 12- Case Management:**

The purpose of this rule is to establish a system for case management which will provide the expeditious, fair, and impartial administration of cases. These rules shall be construed and applied to eliminate unnecessary delay and expense for all parties involved in the Court justice system.

**(A) Traffic and Criminal Cases:**

- (1) Pretrial Conferences: After initial appearance, all first degree, second degree, and third degree misdemeanors shall be set for pretrial by the assignment commissioner within thirty (30) days at the request of the defendant, prosecutor, or by the Court's own motion. All other misdemeanors shall be set for trial, unless the Judge orders a pretrial in said case.

The pretrial shall be conducted in accordance with Criminal Rule 17.1 and if necessary or ordered, a memorandum of the matters agreed upon should be filed in the case. Any attorney who fails to appear for pretrial without just cause being shown, may be subject to contempt of Court. Failure of the defendant to appear for pretrial conference may result in the issuance of a writ of habeas corpus for the defendant's arrest. If the parties cannot resolve the case, then the case should be set for trial before the Court, unless a jury is timely demanded.

- (2) Motions: All motions shall be made in writing and accompanied by a written memorandum containing the arguments of counsel. Motions must be filed within the time limits established by the Ohio Rules of Criminal Procedure. All motions shall be set for oral hearing, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.
- (3) Trials: Each case not resolved at pretrial shall be set for trial to Court. If a jury demand is timely filed, then the case will be moved to the jury trial schedule. All attorneys shall notify the Court by 1:00 PM of the day preceding their trial of any change in plea or jury cost will be assessed to their case.

**(B) General Civil Case:**

- (1) The summons shall be served in accordance with the Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure. In the event there is a failure of service, the Clerk of Court shall notify the party requesting service. If counsel fails to obtain service of summons within six (6) months from the date the case has been filed, then the Clerk of Court shall notify counsel that the case will be dismissed in ten (10) days, unless good cause is shown to the contrary.
- (2) Upon perfection of service, the Clerk of Court shall notify counsel of the default and that a failure to submit a motion for default within thirty (30) days may result in the case being dismissed. See Local Rule 16.
- (3) After any responsive pleading is filed, the Clerk of Court shall forward said pleading and file to the Judge so the matter may be set for a hearing or ruled upon per pleadings.
- (4) If no action has been taken on a file for a six (6) month period and the case is not set for trial, then the Clerk shall notify the party that the matter will be dismissed within thirty (30) days unless good cause is shown.
- (5) The avoidance of trial by settlement shall be allowed without the filing of a journal entry provided, however, that notice has been received by the Court prior to the trial or hearing that the case has been settled and the settlement agreement and/or judgment entry is forthcoming. When a file has been marked to be held for settlement entry and the judgment entry has not been received within thirty (30) days, the Clerk of Court shall

notify the party that his or her case will be dismissed unless the entry is received within ten (10) days. See Rule 17.

- (6) Status Hearing: After an answer is filed, the Clerk will forward the file to the Judge to set the matter for a Pretrial Conference.
- (7) Motions: All motions must be in writing and accompanied by a written memorandum containing citations or the arguments of counsel. Opposing counsel shall respond in writing within fourteen (14) days of service of the motion. All motions will be considered submitted at the end of the said fourteen (14) day period unless time is extended by the Court, in accordance with Local Rule 8.
- (8) Pre-Trial Conferences: For the purpose of this rule, "pretrial conference" shall mean a Court supervised conference chiefly designed to produce an amicable settlement. The term "party" or "parties" used hereinafter shall mean the party or parties to the action, and/or, his, hers, or their attorney of record. Any attorney for a party to the action who fails to attend at a scheduled pretrial conference, without just cause being shown, may be subject to contempt of Court. Notice of pretrial conference shall be given to all counsel on record by mail, facsimile transmission, or by telephone from the assignment commissioner not less than ten (10) days prior to the conference. Counsel attending the pretrial conference must have complete authority to stipulate on items of evidence and must have full settlement authority or have their clients available to do so. The primary purpose of the pretrial conference shall be to discuss settlement and trial preparation. Pretrial conferences may be in person or by telephone, as ordered by the Court. The Court shall attempt to narrow legal issues, to reach stipulations as to facts in controversy and, in general, to shorten the time and expense of the trial. The Court may file a pretrial statement to become part of the record and the case embracing all stipulation, admissions, and other matters which have come before it in the pretrial. The Court shall, at that time, determine whether or not trial briefs should be submitted and shall fix a date when they are to be filed. See Local Rule 10.
- (9) Failure to Appear: The Judge presiding at pretrial conference or trial shall have the authority to dismiss the action for want of prosecution upon failure of plaintiff, and/or his or her counsel to appear in person at any pretrial conference or trial; or order the plaintiff to proceed with the case and to decide and determine all matters ex-parte upon failure of the defendant to appear in person or by counsel at any pretrial conference or trial as required; or to make such other order as the Court may deem appropriate under all the circumstances. If the case cannot be settled at pretrial, then the case will be set for trial.
- (10) Continuances: No party shall be granted a continuance of a trial or hearing without a written motion from the party or his counsel stating the reason for the continuance. See Local Rule 13. When a continuance is requested for the reason that counsel is scheduled to appear in another case assigned for trial on the same date in the same or another trial court of this state, the case which was first set for trial shall have priority and shall be heard on the date assigned. Criminal cases assigned for trial have priority over civil cases assigned for trial. The granting of any other request for continuance of a scheduled trial is a matter within the discretion of the Court. If a designated trial attorney has such a number of cases assigned for trial in courts of this state so as to cause undue delay in the disposition of such cases, the Court may require the trial attorney to provide a substitute trial attorney. If the trial attorney was appointed by the Court, the Court shall appoint a substitute trial attorney.

#### **(C) Forcible Entry & Detainer Proceedings:**

- (1) Hearing: All claims for forcible entry and detainer shall be set for hearing before the Judge or referee, pursuant to the time limits set forth in chapters 1923 and 5321 of the Ohio Revised Code. At that hearing, the Ohio Rules of Evidence and the applicable Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure will be applied. The Judge shall, at the conclusion of the hearing on the first cause of action, file written findings within seven (7) days and cause a copy to be served on the plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff also files a second cause, a hearing on that cause will be scheduled within sixty (60) days of the hearing on the first cause for eviction.
- (2) If an answer or jury demand is filed in a forcible entry and detainer case, then the Clerk shall forward the case to the Judge so the case can be scheduled for trial. As a condition for jury trial, the defendant shall be required to post a sufficient bond in accordance with the provisions of Section 1923.08 of the Ohio Revised Code.
- (3) With respect to a claim for money damages, the defendant is required to provide the Court with a current address. Notwithstanding the defendant's compliance with this rule, the plaintiff is required to make a good faith attempt to serve the defendant as his or her last known address. Failure to do so may be grounds for vacating a prior judgment.
- (4) Per Rule 4, the parties shall have sufficient copies of Exhibits available at hearings.

#### **(D) Small Claims Cases:**

- (1) A small claim action is commenced by filing a small claims complaint pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 1925.04. No defendant is required to file an answer or statement of defense. Should the Defendant fail to appear for the hearing, however, after being duly served, then a default judgment will be entered against said defendant. All pleadings will be construed to accomplish substantial justice.
  - (a) The small claim division has jurisdiction in civil actions for the recovery of money only (other than libel, slander, malicious prosecution, and abuse of process) for amounts not exceeding Six Thousand Dollars (\$6,000.00) exclusive of interest and costs effective 9/28/2016.

- (2) Upon filing of motion and affidavit, as required by Ohio Revised Section 1925.10, and upon payment of the required cost, the small claim will be transferred to the regular docket. No transfer will be granted until the filing costs are paid. Requests to transfer which are made solely for the purpose of delay may result in sanctions, including dismissal and/or default judgment, as well as attorneys fee.
- (3) Hearing: The hearing in Small Claims Court may be conducted by the Judge or referee. The Judge shall place all parties who plan to offer evidence under oath and then allow the plaintiff and defendant to state their case. The plaintiff and defendant may subpoena and call witnesses if they desire to do so. The Ohio Rules of Evidence and the Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure will not apply to a hearing in Small Claims Court, unless provided by the Court.

**Rule 13 – Continuance for Trial or Hearing:**

No case assigned for trial or hearing may be continued except on written motion and for good cause shown. Such motion shall be presented to the Judge not less than two (2) days prior to the date of trial or hearing, except that in the case of unforeseen emergency, this time requirement may be waived. In the event the motion is filed within two (2) days of the trial or hearing, the moving party is required to first discuss the continuance with all opposing counsel, or opposing parties if there is no counsel, and state specifically why the motion could not have been filed prior to the two (2) daytime limit set out herein.

**Rule 14 – Filing by Facsimile Transmission:**

(A) Civil Cases:

- (1) Use in general: Pursuant to Civil rule 5 (B) & (E), all pleadings, motions and other documents other than the original complaint, third party complaint or any other pleading that joins or adds a new party, may be transmitted to the Court by facsimile transmission. Prior permission of the Court, Clerk or opposing party is not required to file a document by facsimile transmission.
- (2) Filing: A pleading, motion, or other document filed with the Court by facsimile transmission shall be deemed filed when received by the Clerk of Court and will have the same force and effect as the original of the document being transmitted. All such documents, filed with the Court by facsimile transmission must be done directly through the Bellevue Municipal Court's facsimile machine at 419-484-8060, or some other telephone number and facsimile machine specifically ordered by the Court. Documents indirectly transmitted through some other facsimile machine and indirectly presented to the Clerk of Court may not be accepted in lieu of the original, unless specifically ordered by the Court.

(B) Criminal Cases: In criminal cases the Clerk of Court will accept for filing documents by facsimile transmission, provided however, that the original of that document is filed with the Court within three (3) business days when received by the Clerk of Court by facsimile transmission on condition that the original of that document is timely filed. Failure to timely file the original may result in the Clerk's striking the document from record.

(C) Cost: The party filing a document by facsimile transmission shall be responsible for all costs of the transmission. There is no separate charge for filing a document by facsimile transmission. The party is still responsible, however, for all filing fees associated with the filing of the document. The filing fee is required to be paid within five (5) days of the receipt of the document filed by facsimile transmission. Failure to timely pay the filing fees may result in the Clerk's striking the document from the record.

(D) All documents filed with the Clerk of Court by facsimile transmission must be legible when received by the Clerk. The Clerk may reject any document which is illegible, in whole or part and upon doing so, shall promptly notify the sender of the condition or quality of the document.

(E) All documents which are submitted to the Court must be received by the Clerk of Court during the regular office hours of the Clerk of Court (Local Rule 1). Any document received after 4:30 PM Monday through Friday, shall be deemed received and/or filed of the next business day. For the purpose of this Local Rule, 4:30 PM. Shall be determined by the notation on the Court's facsimile machine unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

**Rule 15 – Judgment entries to be furnished:**

(A) When ordered or directed by the Court, counsel for the party in whose favor an entry, order, judgment or decree is entered shall, within ten (10) days unless the time is extended by the Court, prepare a proper journal entry and submit it to opposing counsel who shall approve or reject it within five (5) days after its receipt and may file objections in writing with the Court. The Court shall approve a journal entry deemed by it to be proper, sign it and cause it to be filed with the Clerk, with notice to the parties.

- (1) When a request for findings of fact and conclusions of law is made, the Judge may direct the party making the written request to prepare, within ten (10) days, proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law and submit them to the opposing counsel. Within ten (10) days after receipt by the opposing counsel, the proposed findings

shall be submitted to the Court with objections and counter proposals, if any, in writing; however, only those findings of fact and conclusions of law made by the Court shall form part of the record.

- (2) Upon motion of a party made within ten (10) days after the filing of the findings, the Court may amend the findings, make additional findings and may amend the judgment accordingly. The motion may be made with a motion for a new trial. When findings of fact are made in actions tried by the Court without a jury, the question of the sufficiency of the evidence to support the findings may be raised whether or not the party raising the question has made an objection in the trial Court to such findings or has made a motion to amend or a motion for judgment.

#### **Rule 16 – Defaults – Dismissal By Court:**

(A) In all cases in which default judgment is available to a party by reason of failure of defendant to answer or appear, failure, thereafter, of such party to make demand for judgment by default under Rule 55 (A) of Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure within thirty (30) days from the time that plaintiff has notice of defendant's default, may constitute cause for dismissal of the complaint by the Court for want of prosecution.

(B) A default by a demanding party is an admission of all allegations in the complaints except damages. Civil Rule 8 (D). For cases based on an account, the plaintiff is required to show, in the complaint or otherwise, that there have been no subsequent payments or credits on the account. For all other motions for default, proof of damages is required. Depending upon the specific nature of the case, proof may be provided to the Court by testimony or affidavit. Uncertified documents, not accompanied by an affidavit or testimony, may not be considered proof of damages. The affidavit must be executed by a person with personal knowledge of the contents of the affidavit. An attorney for the moving party may not be the affiant for proof of damages. If there are multiple damages, a listing of all damages and credits, if any, should be filed with the Court to expedite the default proceeding, either as part of the motion or default, exhibit, or by separate document.

#### **Rule 17 – Settlements – Notification to Court:**

After a case has been set for pre-trial, trial or other proceedings requiring personal appearance, a request for dismissal by the plaintiff or by agreement of the parties due to settlement or some other reason shall be submitted in writing to the Court within twenty (20) days of the scheduled court appearance, after prompt notification of the settlement or dismissal by telephone to the Clerk of Court. Failure to give such written notice of settlement and non-appearance of the parties, shall subject the action to dismissal by the Court at plaintiff's costs.

#### **Rule 18 – Record of Proceedings:**

All traffic, criminal and civil proceedings shall be recorded. These proceedings will be recorded by BIS Sound System on the courtroom computer. Upon order of Court, a party in any case may have a court reporter present to record the proceedings. Fees for court reporters will be taxed as cost or otherwise paid by anyone other than the party providing the court reporter, unless that party makes a timely motion prior to trial or hearing for the appointment of an official court reporter and requests in advance that such fees be taxed as costs. See Civil Rule 54 (D) and Ohio Revised Code Section 1901.33.

#### **Rule 19 – Satisfaction – Payments of Costs:**

- (A) No satisfaction of judgment shall be entered by the Clerk of Court unless and until all court costs have been paid.
- (B) No person other than the Clerk of Court or a deputy clerk may enter satisfaction of judgment upon the records of the Court.

#### **Rule 20 – Unpaid Costs – New Cases not to be filed:**

When a judgment for costs appears against a party unsatisfied, the Clerk may refuse to accept for filing any new action or proceeding instituted by such party, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, without first making payments to the Clerk of such unpaid costs.

#### **Rule 21 – Statutory Demands:**

- (A) A person seeking an order of attachment against personal earnings or an order in aid of execution against personal earnings in an action shall comply with the provisions of Section 2716.02 of the Revised Code of Ohio. A failure to comply with this provision will render the proceedings voidable.
- (B) Where the statutory demand is served personally, or by leaving it at the debtor's usual place of residence, proof of such service shall be made by the affidavit of the person serving same.



- (C) When such demand is served, or attempted to be served, by registered or certified mail, proof of such service shall be made by the affidavit of the person sending the demand by registered or certified mail and shall be accompanied by the signed registered or certified mail receipt, or proof of refusal of service, or by a photocopy thereof, or the certified mail envelope endorsed "unclaimed".
- (D) A copy of the statutory demand made on defendant, together with proof by affidavit of service of the statutory demand, shall be file with the affidavit.
- (E) Failure to comply with the requirements of subdivision (D) hereof shall not render the proceeding void; but shall affect the taxing of the cost only. Said cost shall be assessed the party failing to comply with this Rule.

**Rule 22 – Proceedings in aid of Execution:**

The order in aid of execution shall provide for the attendance of the parties named therein on a date not less than fourteen (14) days from the date of such an order. The deposit required by the Court schedule of fees and deposits, shall be made with the Clerk at the time of the filing of the affidavit. No alias order shall be allowed unless there has been failure of service on the writ after an additional deposit is made with the Clerk. Affidavits and orders in aid of execution proceedings shall be typed and sufficient copies of the affidavit and order shall be furnished for service upon the garnishee and such defendants as are required to be served. The garnishee fee as required by statute per garnishee shall accompany the affidavit. Service will be instituted in accordance with the Ohio Civil Rules of Procedure.

In The Bellevue Municipal Court  
3000 Seneca Industrial Parkway  
Bellevue OH 44811

**Court Rule 22**

Post-Judgment garnishment of wages up-date on fees:

Balance due on judgment of \$3,000.00 or less:	\$100.00
Balance due on judgment greater than \$3,000.00	\$160.00

These costs were revised, effective as of February 1, 2014.

**Rule 23 – Fees for additional services:**

In cases where it becomes necessary for the bailiff to perform services in connection with property, the bailiff shall require a deposit sufficient to secure the probable charge in each case.

Any reasonable charge when approved by the Court shall be taxed as part of the costs of the action and any property seized under any writ or process of the Court need not to be released until said charges are approved and paid.

**Rule 24 – Employees of the Court:**

No employee of the Court shall at any time, whether by request or otherwise, refer or direct any person to a specific attorney or to a bail bondsman or bail bond company or agent. Court employees shall not give legal advice to a litigant, witness, or other person. Assistance by Court personnel shall be limited to supplying such persons with the necessary forms and any explanation only to the portions thereof to be completed by the party on his or her own initiative.

**Rule 25 – Pretrial diversion program for adult offenders:** At this time Bellevue does not have such a program.

**Rule 26 – Media:**

(A) Definitions, Applications

- (1) For the purpose of these rules, the term "media recording" shall be understood to encompass broadcasting, televising, recording, or photographs. The term "trial" shall be understood to apply to any public hearing held by the Court.
- (2) Application for media recording shall be made in writing to the Court in the case prior to the commencement of the trial. No special form of application will be required, but the application must specify the type of equipment

to be used and must identify and be signed by the applicant. The positioning of the cameras shall be at a location to be determined by the trial Judge.

- (3) In the event the Judge approves the application, a judgment entry or written agreement setting forth the conditions of media recording shall be made a part of the record of the case. Before preparing the judgment entry, the Judge or his/her designee shall confer with media representatives regarding the positioning of the operators and equipment.
- (4) The judgment entry or agreement shall state whatever portions of the trial shall not be open to media recording. In the event that any time subsequent to the signing and filing of the judgment entry the Judge shall decide to withhold media recording of any part of the trial, such decision and order shall be entered into the record of the case.
- (5) In the event of a continuance of the trial for a period of more than thirty (30) days, a new application shall be required.
- (6) At any arraignment room session, application in writing may be made anytime before the session. The Court may give permission for the reporting or recording of any portion of the session without a formal judgment entry. Positioning of any equipment shall be at the complete discretion of the Judge.

(B) Limitations

- (1) Any equipment which is non portable shall be set up and ready for operation prior to the commencement of Court sessions. In no event will persons be permitted to bring equipment into the courtroom during trial unless such equipment can be easily carried by a single person and without causing a distraction or disturbance.
- (2) No media recording of proceedings in the Judge's chambers or accesses shall be permitted except with the express permission of the Judge. No media recording shall be permitted in jury deliberation rooms at any time during the course of the trial or after the case has been submitted to the jury. No pictures of jurors may be taken at any time.
- (3) Audio equipment shall be so controlled that it will not pick up conferences or conversations between counsel and client, between counsel and the Judge at the bench, or between counsel and official court reporter as in the case of a proffer.
- (4) The Judge, counsel, and witness shall not address any remark to the media when the Court is in session. In all respects, the trial shall proceed in exactly the same manner as though there was no media recording in process.
- (5) No media recording shall be made of any document or exhibit before or after such document or exhibit is admitted into evidence, except those which are clearly visible to spectators, e.g., maps, charts, blackboards, etc.
- (6) The Judge shall inform victims and witnesses of their right to object to being filmed, videotaped, recorded or photographed. Upon objection the media are prohibited from employing any means to record the victim or witness.
- (7) No photographic or electronic equipment may be used in the courtroom which causes distracting sound or light.

(C) Sanctions

- (1) Upon failure to comply with the orders of the Judge or with the Superintendence Rules for Municipal Courts and County Courts, the Judge may revoke any permission previously granted.

**Rule 27 – Jury Standards:**

(A) Eligibility for Jury Service

To ensure that the jury pool is representative of the adult population of Sandusky County and Huron County, Ohio, all persons are eligible to serve on a jury, **except** for the following disqualifications:

1. Persons less than 18 years of age;
2. Persons who are not residents of the City of Bellevue, Sandusky and Huron Counties, Ohio (Proof of new address required);
3. Persons who are not citizens of the United States;
4. Persons who are not able to speak, read, write and communicate effectively in the English language;
5. Persons who have been convicted of a felony and have not had their civil rights restored.

All reasonable efforts shall be made to accommodate physically handicapped prospective jurors who have special needs.

(B) Procedure for Jury Selection

Potential jurors shall be drawn from a jury source list which shall constitute a list of all registered voters in the City of Bellevue, Sandusky and Huron Counties, by the use of random selection procedures using automated data processing equipment in accordance with the provisions of Section 2313.08 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The Jury Commissioners shall select the names of prospective jurors at random, by designation of page and line location in poll books as the jury source list supplied by the Board of Elections without prior knowledge of the names being selected. The Court shall annually review the jury source list for its representativeness and inclusiveness of the adult population in the jurisdiction as is feasible. Should the Court inclusiveness of the jury source list, appropriate corrective action shall be taken.

All prospective jurors shall be notified by regular mail of their requirement of service by the issuance of a summons directing them to appear on the date assigned. Further, all prospective jurors shall be required complete a jury questionnaire and, if appropriate, a request for excuse, exemption, or a deferral. The summons shall be phrased so as to be readily understood by an individual unfamiliar with the legal process and shall be delivered by ordinary mail. The summons shall also clearly explain how and when the recipient must respond and the consequences of his failure to respond. Any person who fails to respond to a duly served summons shall be served with a citation for contempt of Court, and must appear to answer on said summons or, if appropriate, shall be arrested and detained for examination as to why they failed to attend.

(C) Summoning Prospective Jurors

Prospective jurors shall be summoned for trial dates by the Court. For jury trials in civil cases, a deposit, as set out in the Court's cost schedule, shall be made at the time the jury demand is filed with the Court, unless otherwise ordered by the Court. The failure to make the deposit as required by court order or Rules of Court shall be deemed a waiver of the right to a trial by jury. An indigent person may petition the Court for a waiver of the jury deposit requirement. In criminal cases, no deposit shall be required.

Prospective jurors shall be summoned to appear in sufficient numbers to accommodate trial activity. Panels of twenty-seven (27) persons per trial shall be summoned for service unless the Court determines that a lesser or greater number is necessary for a particular trial. A list of 30 jurors from Sandusky County Common Pleas Court and 50 jurors from Huron County Common Pleas Court is sent to us 3 times a year. We send out all of the questionnaires to be filled out and returned to us. Our procedure to send out the summons is: The first (1<sup>st</sup>) on the list from Huron County is picked, then the first \*1<sup>st</sup>) on the list from Sandusky County is picked. Then the second (2<sup>nd</sup>) on the list from Huron County is picked, then the second (2<sup>nd</sup>) from Sandusky County is picked and so on until we have 27 jurors. We only summons jurors who have returned the questionnaire and were qualified.

The Court and counsel and/or parties are required to make reasonable efforts to resolve cases scheduled for jury trial up to the day of trial. The Court shall conduct a final pretrial conference unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

Persons summoned for jury service shall receive compensation in an amount determined by Court order. Such fees will be mailed out to address of juror paid from the City or County Treasury, as appropriate.

Any juror wishing to waive his fee for service shall be permitted to do so in writing in the Clerk's office. All waived fees shall be returned to the City or County Treasury, as appropriate. The term of service for any prospective panel shall be one day or the completion of one trial, whichever is longer.

(D) Exemption, Excuse, and Deferral

All persons except those who exercise their right to exemption are subject to service. Eligible persons who are summoned may be excused from service only if it is determined that their ability to receive and evaluate information is so impaired that they are unable to perform their duties as jurors, or that service upon a jury would constitute a significant hardship to them or members of the public. Persons excused from service shall be deferred and may be subject to jury service at a later time. Unless in the case of exigent circumstances or for good cause showing, all requests for excuse, exemption, or deferral must be made on the form provided, and shall be accompanied by appropriate documentation. These documents shall be retained by the Court and be put on an exempt list signed by the Judge.

The following factors constitute a partial, although not exclusive, list of excuses for which a person may be excused deferred from jury service. Written documentation and approval of Judge required:

- 1) **Active Military:** Persons in active military are not required to serve. Copy of orders are required.
- 2) **Age:** Persons 75 years of age or older may request to be excused but are still welcome to serve. Persons under 18 years of age are disqualified.
- 3) **Breast Feeding Mother:** A mother who is breast-feeding her baby, and the baby is one year of age or younger may be excused from service. A signed affidavit must be presented.
- 4) **The juror's spouse or a near relative of the juror has recently died or is dangerously ill.**
- 5) **Criminal Record:** Persons who have prior felony convictions that are currently under sanctions by a court are not eligible to serve. Those who are no longer on probation or parole will have their right to serve restored, pursuant to ORC 2961.01 and 2967.16.
- 6) **Full-Time Student:** Persons who are currently enrolled as a full-time student are welcome to serve but may qualify to be excused. Class schedule or transcript is required.
- 7) **Medical Reasons:** Persons with mental or physical conditions that would cause the prospective juror to be incapable of performing jury service may qualify to be excused. A physician's note is required.
- 8) **Non-English Speaking:** Jurors who are not able to speak, read, write, and communicate in the English language are disqualified to serve as jurors.
- 9) **Non-Resident or Non-Citizen:** Persons who are no longer residents of Huron Co. or Sandusky Co. or persons that are non-citizens of the United States are disqualified to serve. For persons no longer living in Huron or Sandusky Counties, proof of the new address is required.

- 10) **Vacations and Business Trips:** Any person who has scheduled vacation or business trip during the jury service period may request to be excused. Documentation is required.
- 11) **Recent Jury Service:** Persons who have served on jury duty within the last year are eligible to be excused. Prior attendance record is required.
- 12) **Religious Beliefs:** Persons who are cloistered members of religious organization may be eligible to be excused. Documentation must be presented.
- 13) **The prospective juror is an active member of a recognized Amish sect and requests to be excused because of prospective jurors' belief that as a result of membership the prospective juror cannot pass judgment in a judicial matter.**
- 14) **The interests of the public will be materially injured by the juror's attendance.**
- 15) **Undue or Extreme Physical or Financial Hardship:** May be excused if satisfactory documentation is presented, in writing.
  - Sole caregiver would be required to abandon an ill, disabled family member or child due to the impossibility of obtaining an appropriate substitute caregiver during the period of jury service.
  - Person who is the principal means of support or self-employed, would have substantial adverse impact to daily living expenses or business operations. **NOTE:** Undue or extreme physical or financial hardship does not solely exist based on the fact that a prospective juror will be required to be absent from work.

No person shall be excused from jury service, except by the Judge or an individual specifically authorized to excuse jurors. No person who does not complete the jury excuse deferral or exemption form shall be excused from service. Once a prospective juror has submitted his request for excuse, the prospective juror must report for service unless otherwise notified by the Court.

(E) Examination of Prospective Jurors

1. Voir Dire examination shall be limited to matters relevant to determining whether to remove a juror for cause and to determine the juror's fairness and impartiality.
2. The Judge shall conduct a preliminary Voir Dire examination. Counsel shall then be permitted to question panel members for a reasonable period of time.
3. The Judge should ensure that the privacy of prospective jurors is reasonably protected, and their questioning is consistent with the purpose of the Voir Dire process.
4. In criminal cases, the Voir Dire process shall be held on the record. In civil cases, the Voir Dire process shall be held on the record unless waived by the parties.
5. Rules on Voir Dire:
  - a. The case may not be argued in any way while questioning by jurors.
  - b. Counsel may not engage in efforts to indoctrinate jurors.
  - c. Jurors may not be questioned concerning anticipated instructions or theories of law. This does not prevent general questions concerning the validity and philosophy of reasonable doubt or the presumption of innocence.
  - d. Jurors may not be asked what kind of verdict they might return under any circumstance.
  - e. Questions are to be asked collectively of the entire panel whenever possible.

(F) Removal from Jury Panel

1. For Cause:
 

If the judge determines during the Voir Dire process that any individual is unable or unwilling to hear the particular case at issue fairly and impartially, that individual shall be removed from the panel. Such a determination may be made on motion of counsel or by the Judge.
2. Peremptory Challenges:
 

Rules determining procedure for exercising peremptory challenges shall be in accordance with Ohio Civil and Criminal Rules adopted by the Supreme Court of Ohio and applicable statutory authority.

(G) Administration of Jury System

The responsibility for administration of the jury system shall be vested exclusively in the Bellevue Municipal Court. All procedures concerning jury selection and service are covered by the Ohio Revised Code, Ohio Rules of Court and the Local Rules of this Court.

**Rule 28 – Court Security:**

The Bellevue Police Department shall be primarily responsible for providing security to the Bellevue Municipal Court. The specific policies and procedures for Court security are contained in the Policy and Procedures Manual of the Bellevue Police Department. The policies and procedures for Court security shall be reviewed by the Court with the Police Department at any time as the need arises or the Court deems appropriate.

Court personnel shall take reasonable measures to de-escalate a potentially volatile individual or situation. Should said

measures prove to be unsuccessful or if Court personnel reasonably fears for his/her safety or the safety of others, Court personnel shall initiate the call emergency alarm (located in various locations throughout the Court) to summons the Bellevue Police. Court personnel shall then proceed to exit the Court or Clerk's office to designated areas and then call for backup.

**Rule 29 – Electronically Produced Ticket:**

The Bellevue Municipal Court herewith adopts the following Rule 29 as a Local Rule of Court effective August 18, 2014. A copy of this Rule will be filed with the Supreme Court of Ohio in accordance with Superintendence Rule 5. This Court shall afford notice and opportunity for comment hereafter.

The Court determines that there is an immediate need for rule adoption to expedite the use of an electronically produced ticket in Erie, Huron, and Sandusky County, Ohio. The Ohio Highway Patrol is leading a pilot project that may replace the traditional traffic ticket with either a hybrid ticket or paperless e-ticket generated from a computer.

**Local Rule 29.01 – Use of Electronically Produced Ticket:**

(A) Authorization. The use and filing of a ticket that is produced by computer or other electronic means is hereby authorized in The Bellevue Municipal Court. The electronically produced ticket shall conform in all substantive respects to the "Ohio Uniform Traffic Ticket" set forth in the Ohio Traffic Rules' Appendix of Forms. If an electronically produced ticket is issued at the scene of an alleged offense, the issuing officer shall serve the defendant with the defendant's paper copy of the ticket as required by Rule 3 (E) of the Ohio Traffic Rules.

(B) Form of Affidavit. In every case in which an electronically produced ticket is used and filed, the ticket shall use forms that are substantially similar to Form 29.01-A (Court Record) and Form 29.01-B (Abstract).

(C) Applicability. Amended 1/22/2016: The purpose and scope of this rule includes the use and filing of a ticket other than an e-ticket or paperless ticket and also the implementation of the E-Citation Interface developed by Henschen for the Ohio Department of Public Safety.

**Local Rule 30 – Submission of Supreme Court Administrative and Individual Judge Statistical Reports:**

(A) Authorization. The use and filing of electronically submitted Supreme Court Administrative and Individual Judge Statistical Reports, which are produced by computer, or other electronic means, is hereby authorized in the Bellevue Municipal Court. Only the Judge/Administrative Judge and Clerk of Court shall have access to the Supreme Court website login credentials. The Judge/Administrative Judge and the Clerk of Court shall take all necessary steps to insure and maintain the security of the Supreme Court website login credentials.

(B) Form of Electronic Report. The type of Statistical Report Forms utilized by the Bellevue Municipal Court shall be in compliance with Superintendence Rule 37(B) of the Ohio Supreme Court.

(C) Effective Date. The Bellevue Municipal Court shall commence the use and filing of electronically submitted Supreme Court Administrative and Individual Judge Statistical Reports on or before February 15, 2016, Pursuant to Superintendence Rule 37(B).

**Local Rule 31 – Sandusky Co. Uniform Bond Schedule Adopted and Amended:**

~~This Court hereby adopts the attached Sandusky County wide Bond Schedule (with modifications), effective, June 21, 2022, which shall replace this Court's existing Bond Schedule. (Order available. Bond Schedule attached)~~

~~(A) Amendment to Sandusky Co. Uniform Bond Schedule: This Court hereby adopts the amended Sandusky Co. Uniform Bond Schedule, effective 3/22/24, which shall replace this Court's existing Bond Schedule. (Order available. Bond Schedule attached)~~

This Court hereby adopts the modified and attached Bond Schedule, effective 3/22/24.

**Local Rule 32 - Requirement to Electronically Submit/Remove Court Ordered Registration Blocks to BMV Registrar:**

Effective January 1, 2023, the Ohio Bureau of Motor Vehicles (BMV) requires the electronic submission/removal of all Court Ordered Registration Blocks. Ohio Revised Code (R.C.) section 2947.09, which is the section that mandates Court Ordered

Registration Blocks states, "The Registrar may require that any of the forms prescribed or approved pursuant to this section be transmitted to the Registrar electronically. If the Registrar requires electronic transmission, the Registrar shall not be required to give effect to any form that is not transmitted electronically." The implementation of this process will eliminate the ability for courts to

manually submit Vehicle Registration Blocks.

The Court determines that there is an immediate need for rule adoption to expedite the use of electronic submission/removal of Registration Blocks. The Bellevue Municipal Court herewith adopts Rule 32 as a Local Rule of Court effective January 1, 2023. A copy of this Rule will be filed with the Supreme Court of Ohio in accordance with Superintendence Rule 5. This Court shall afford notice and opportunity for comment hereafter. (Order available)

**Local Rule 32.01 - Use of Electronic Submission/Removal of Registration Blocks to the BMV:**

A) Authorization. The use and filing of Vehicle Registration Blocks which are produced by computer or other electronic means is hereby authorized in the Bellevue Municipal Court. The electronic transmission/removal of Registration Blocks shall conform in all substantive respects to Ohio Revised Code (R.C.) 2947.09. Only the Clerk of Court and Deputy Clerk's shall have access to the Supreme Court website login credentials. The Clerk of Court shall take all necessary steps to insure and maintain the security of the Supreme Court website login credentials.

B) Implementation- Form of electronic report. The type of Statistical Reporting utilized by The Bellevue Municipal Court is the Supreme Court's File Transfer Protocol (FTP) file, that is an automated process which allows the Court to transfer a file and add/remove a registration block to the BMV system programmatically. Statistics gathered from the Supreme Court FTP file shall be sent to the BMV in compliance with Ohio Revised Code (R.C) 2947.09.

C) Applicability. The purpose and scope of this rule is to comply with the January 1, 2023 Ohio Bureau of Motor Vehicles mandate, regarding electronic submission/removal of Registration Blocks. (Order available)

**Local Rule 33 – Notification of victims of crime pursuant Marsy's Law (HB34):**

This Court hereby designates the Bellevue City Prosecutor as the Court's designee for purposes of notifying victims of certain hearings pursuant to Marsy's Law (HB 343), which went into effect April 6, 2023. (Order available)

A) Marsy's Law Correction: Senate Bill 16 was signed into law and was amended in the House to include corrections in Marsy's Law procedures implemented in 134 HB 343. The bill contained an emergency clause and thus became effective on July 7, 2023. One of the corrections removes the ability of the court to appoint a designee to provide notice to victims about violations of or termination/alteration of the terms of community control.

B) Implementation of Senate Bill 16 as to Local Rule 33, effective July 7, 2023: The Bellevue City Prosecutor remains the designee for purposes of notifying victims of certain hearings. **This court will notify victims regarding violations and/or changes to the terms of community control.**

**Local Rule 34 – Policy for Unclaimed Funds:**

Effective April 22, 2023, and pursuant to ORS Section 1901.31(G). The Clerk of The Bellevue Municipal Court shall give notice of the moneys to the parties who are entitled to the moneys or to their attorney(s) of record. All moneys remaining unclaimed on the first day of April of each year shall be paid by the Clerk of Court to the Bellevue City Treasurer. (Order available)

**Local Rule 35 – Court Technology Plan:**

In accordance with Superintendence Rule 5(E), the Court shall adopt and maintain a court technology plan which will include:

1) A comprehensive strategy for implementing and maintaining technology solutions for conducting remote hearings, electronic service, the acceptance of electronic signatures, any other technology-related solution utilized by the court and:

2) Procedures for notifying and providing instructions to the public on how to use the technology solutions implemented by the court and how the solutions will comply with any accessibility accommodation requirements, including any applicable requirements of the "Americans with Disabilities Act."

COURT PLAN WILL BE AVAILABLE ON THE COURT WEBSITE AT: [www.bellevuemunicourttohio.com](http://www.bellevuemunicourttohio.com)

PENDING FINALIZATION AND APPROVAL

**Local Rule 36 - Deposit of Public Moneys Policy:**

A) In accordance with the policy adopted by the City of Bellevue regarding the Deposit of Public Money & as the Bellevue

Municipal Court collects payments for a variety of reasons; The Bellevue Municipal Court herewith adopts the following as a Local Rule effective January 1, 2024. This is in accordance with ORC 9.38 to establish the frequency of deposits for moneys collected.

B) A Clerk/Deputy Clerk who collects money for the Bellevue Municipal Court must turn over the money received to the properly designated depository (First National Bank, Bellevue, OH). If the money received totals more than one thousand dollars (\$1000), this must be deposited by the next business day. All other moneys received shall be deposited no later than three business days after receipt, provided the employee is able to safeguard the public moneys collected until the time of deposit. Public money shall be kept under lock and key or within a safe to safeguard the funds until deposited. Once funds have been deposited, details of the deposit shall be turned into the Auditor's office for accounting purposes at the end of each month. (Order available)

**Local Rule – 37 Fixing of Court Costs/Traffic and Criminal:**

In the matter of Court Rules for traffic and criminal cases and pursuant to the authority of Section 1901.26 of the Ohio Revised Code, it is the rule of this Court and hereby ORDERED that the revised schedule of costs be effective November 6, 2023. Costs will herein be effective for all proceedings filed on or after November 6, 2023. (Order available & Waiver/Cost Sheet attached).

**Local Rule – 38 Restricting Public Access to Law Enforcement Reports Filed with The Court:**

The Bellevue Municipal Court herewith adopts the following Rule 38 as a Local Rule of Court effective October 19, 2023. A copy of this Rule will be filed with the Supreme Court of Ohio in accordance with Superintendence Rule 5. This Court shall afford notice and opportunity for comment hereafter.

The Court determines that there is an immediate need for rule adoption to protect the name and identity information of victims of criminal offenses. (Order available)

**Local Rule 38.01 – Policy Regarding Restricting Public Access to Law Enforcement Reports Filed with The Court:**

A) Authorization. Rule 45 (E) of the Rules for the Superintendence of the Courts of Ohio, provide for restricting public access to documents filed with the Clerk of Courts upon the Court's own order. The rule provides that the Court shall restrict public access to a case document if the Court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the presumption of allowing public access is outweighed by a higher interest.

B) Implementation. The Court shall use the least restrictive means available when restricting public access to a case document.

- 1) All Law Enforcement Reports filed with criminal and traffic complaints wherein one or more victims exist and R.C. 2930.01, *et seq*, applies to the case shall be sealed and not available for public access.
- 2) Bellevue Municipal Court has procedures in place to ensure that Law Enforcement Reports are sealed upon filing and kept out of the case file, that is available for public inspection.
- 3) The Clerk of this Court shall seal and restrict public access to any and all Law Enforcement Records filed in this Court pursuant to this Order, effective 10/19/23. Such documents will then be forwarded to the Prosecutor's Office.

**WAIVER & COST SHEET**

Effective: 11/6/23

**WAIVERABLE OFFENSES**

<u>Non-Moving Traffic Offenses:</u>		<u>STANDARD Speeding Violations</u> 333.03 & 4511.21	
Seat Belt Driver (\$40 + \$71 cost)	<u>\$111.00</u>	0-15 (\$50 & \$100 cost)	<u>\$150.00</u> *see increased penalties below
Seat Belt Passenger (\$30 + \$71 cost)	<u>\$101.00</u>	16-20 (\$70 & \$100 cost)	<u>\$170.00</u> *see increased penalties below
Child Restraint (\$35 + \$100 cost)	<u>\$135.00</u>	21-25 (\$95 & \$100 cost)	<u>\$195.00</u> *see increased penalties below
Parking (\$20+ \$61 cost)	<u>\$81.00</u>	26-30 (\$110 & \$100 cost)	<u>\$210.00</u> *see increased penalties below
Handicap Parking (\$250 + 61 cost)	<u>\$311.00</u>	31+ (\$140 & \$100 cost)	<u>\$240.00</u> MUST APPEAR

STANDARD SPEED SCHOOL ZONE: 21-34 MPH in 20 MPH zone (\$100 + \$100 cost) \$200.00 (MM)  
 \*See increased penalty for 15 MPH over posted limit (20) below

Traffic-Minor Misdemeanor Waivers (violations/other than speed, parking & seatbelt) (\$50 & \$100 cost) \$150.00  
*includes non-moving F+C the same →*

1<sup>st</sup> Offense Texting While Driving (ORC 4511.204) (\$100 + \$100 cost) \$200.00 Must contact Court for waiver & course instructions  
 -All 4511.204 violations are Unclassified Misdemeanors  
 -2<sup>nd</sup> or subsequent violations of ORC 4511.204 within 2 years **MUST APPEAR IN COURT**  
 -See attached chart for fine, points, BMV codes for:  
   -2<sup>nd</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> violations in 2 years  
   -Violations of this section for: Handheld Mobile Device/Construction Zone/Commercial Vehicle

Distracted Driving (ORC 4511.991) Minor Misdemeanor (\$100 fine) Must contact Court for waiver & course instructions  
 -Contributing Factor Offense 0 points/BMV code-DH

Criminal Offenses: Minor Misdemeanor Waiver (\$150 & \$90 cost) \$240.00 / Standard criminal cost is \$90.

**MUST APPEAR OFFENSES**

Traffic & Criminal Misdemeanor 1, 2, 3, 4<sup>th</sup> degree offenses, Felony offenses & Speeding 30+ MPH over legal limit

Passing School Bus- Minor Misdemeanor-But Must appear Max fine \$500. Possible 1year max susp/class 7

\*S.B. 288-Increased Penalties for Speed R.C. 4511.21(P)(2)-in school zone, business district or municipality.

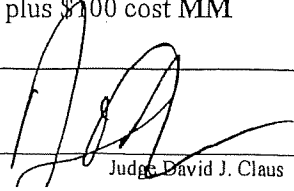
\*\*\*Increased penalty must be indicated on citation or complaint\*\*\*

Enhanced penalties also apply to a first time speeding offense if the offender operated a vehicle in excess of:

- 35 MPH in school zone (15 over posted limit of 20 MPH)
- 35 MPH in business district of municipality (10 over posted limit 25 of MPH)
- 50 MPH in other areas of municipality (15 over posted limit of 35 MPH) D

1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> speed offense within 1 year M4 (\$150 + \$100 cost) \$250.00  
 3<sup>rd</sup> or more speed offense within 1 year M3 (\$200 + \$100 cost) \$300.00

Speeding Construction Zone- Standard fine \$50/\$70/\$95/\$110/\$140 is doubled plus \$100 cost MM

  
 Judge David J. Claus